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Syntaxin4

Cat.No. 110 043; Polyclonal rabbit antibody, 50 µg specific antibody (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	50 μg specific antibody, lyophilized. Affinity purified with the immunogen. Albumin was added for stabilization. For reconstitution add 50 μ l H ₂ O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: 1: 1000 up to 1: 5000 (AP staining) IP: yes ICC: 1: 100 up to 1: 500 IHC: not tested yet IHC-P: not tested yet EM: yes
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 273 from rat Syntaxin4 (UniProt Id: Q08850)
Reactivity	Reacts with: human (Q12846), rat (Q08850), mouse (P70452), hamster. Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	K.D. validated PubMed: 31128202
Matching control	110-4P

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

Syntaxin 4, a member of the SNARE family of proteins, is related to syntaxin 1. Like syntaxin 2 it is predominantly localized to the plasma membrane of a wide variety of cells. Similar to syntaxins 1, 2, and 3, it appears to be involved in the fusion of transport vesicles with the plasma membrane.

Selected References for 110 043

Melanophilin Accelerates Insulin Granule Fusion Without Predocking to the Plasma Membrane. Wang H, Mizuno K, Takahashi N, Kobayashi E, Shirakawa J, Terauchi Y, Kasai H, Okunishi K, Izumi T Diabetes (2020):.. WB, IP, ICC; tested species: mouse

Syntaxin 4 is concentrated on plasma membrane of astrocytes. Tao-Cheng JH, Pham A, Yang Y, Winters CA, Gallant PE, Reese TS

Neuroscience (2015) 286: 264-71. . WB, EM

Choroid plexus epithelial cells express the adhesion protein P-cadherin at cell-cell contacts and syntaxin-4 in the luminal membrane domain.

Christensen IB, Mogensen EN, Damkier HH, Praetorius J

American journal of physiology. Cell physiology (2018) 3145: C519-C533. . IHC-P; tested species: mouse

Microglia modulate gliotransmission through the regulation of VAMP2 proteins in astrocytes.

Takata-Tsuji F, Chounlamountri N, Do LD, Philippot C, Novion Ducassou J, Couté Y, Ben Achour S, Honnorat J, Place C, Pascual O Glia (2021) 691: 61-72. . WB; tested species: mouse

SNAP23 depletion enables more SNAP25/calcium channel excitosome formation to increase insulin exocytosis in type 2 diabetes.

Liang T, Qin T, Kang F, Kang Y, Xie L, Zhu D, Dolai S, Greitzer-Antes D, Baker RK, Feng D, Tuduri E, et al.

JCI insight (2020) 53:.. WB; tested species: human, mouse

Role of SNAREs in the Atopic Dermatitis-related Cytokine Secretion and Skin-Nerve Communication.

Meng J, Wang J, Buddenkotte J, Buhl T, Steinhoff M

The Journal of investigative dermatology (2019) :.. WB; KD verified; tested species: human

Blockade of the SNARE protein syntaxin 1 inhibits glioblastoma tumor growth.

Ulloa F, Gonzàlez-Juncà A, Meffre D, Barrecheguren PJ, Martínez-Mármol R, Pazos I, Olivé N, Cotrufo T, Seoane J, Soriano E PloS one (2015) 103: e0119707. . **WB**

The major myelin-resident protein PLP is transported to myelin membranes via a transcytotic mechanism: involvement of sulfatide.

Baron W, Ozgen H, Klunder B, de Jonge JC, Nomden A, Plat A, Trifilieff E, de Vries H, Hoekstra D Molecular and cellular biology (2015) 351: 288-302. . **WB**

S-acylation of the Insulin-Responsive Aminopeptidase (IRAP): Quantitative analysis and Identification of Modified Cysteines. Werno MW, Chamberlain LH

Scientific reports (2015) 5: 12413. . WB

Selected General References

Identification of SNAREs involved in regulated exocytosis in the pancreatic acinar cell. Hansen NJ et al. J. Biol. Chem. (1999) PubMed:10428873

Membrane fusion and exocytosis.

Jahn R et al. Annu. Rev. Biochem. (1999) PubMed:10872468

The syntaxin family of vesicular transport receptors. Bennett MK et al. Cell (1993) PubMed:7690687

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at https://sysy.com/product/110043 or scan the QR-code.



FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

 All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freezedried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- Unlabeled and biotin-labeled antibodies and control proteins should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized!
 Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- Fluorescence-labeled antibodies should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle
 between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be
 avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that
 has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door
 shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 µl)
 and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock
 concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the
 storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of
 activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

• Store at -20°C to -80°C.

Monoclonal Antibodies

- Ascites and hybridoma supernatant should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended! Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- Crude antisera: With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- Affinity purified antibodies: Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is
 recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our
 antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed
 information.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

• Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add
 the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are
 preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a
 stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies
 already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein.
 For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the
 solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled
 with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1:1 (v/v) glycerol to a final
 concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in
 liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freezethaw cycles.
- Please refer to our tips and hints for subsequent storage of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.